

# Monthly Fund Report

MyFolio Core III (31/07/2025)

# Institutional Accumulation

# **Key Facts**

# Katie Trowsdale & Rob Bowie

Fund Managers

Katie Trowsdale is a fund manager, having joined from Gartmore in 2011. She was previously at Kleinwort Benson Private Bank and Heartwood Wealth. Rob Bowie previously held roles Credit Suisse, Artemis, ABN Amro and Singer & Friedlander. Together they form part of the Multi-Manager Strategies team at Aberdeen Investments.

22/09/2010
22/09/2010
£2,452.18m
0.00%
0.61%
0.61%
OEIC
12:00 (UK time)
GBP
B53X7B0
GB00B53X7B00
United Kingdom
Accumulation
Mixed Asset
2.04%
abrdn Fund Managers Ltd
45%-75% of the MSCI World Index

# Ratings









#### Risk and reward profile



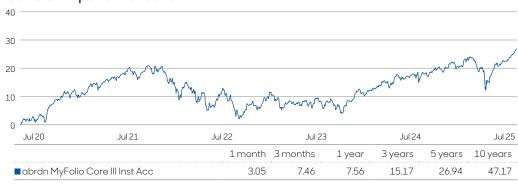
This indicator reflects the volatility of the fund's share price. See the relevant UCITS Key Investor Information Document (KIID) or PRIIPs Key Information Document (KID) for details.

# Investment Objective

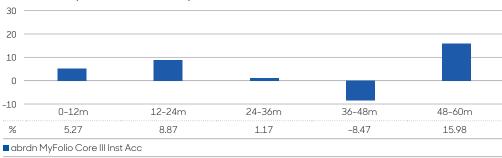
To generate growth over the long term (5 years or more) while being managed to a defined level of risk. The fund is part of the MyFolio Managed range, which offers five funds with different expected combinations of investment risk and return. The fund is risk level III, which aims to be the middle risk fund in this range. Risk Target: The defined level of risk referred to above that the management team is targeting is within the range of 45–75% of world stock markets (represented by the MSCI World Index), over 10 years. There is no certainty or promise that this target will be achieved. The Risk Target has been chosen as it represents a risk range which is appropriate for the fund.

Please note that the number contained in the fund name is not related to the synthetic risk and reward indicator contained in the Key Investor Information Document (KIID).

## Cumulative performance %



### Year on Year (as at 30/06/2025)



Past performance is not a guide to future returns. The value of this investment and the income from it may go down as well as up and cannot be guaranteed. An investor may receive back less than their original investment.

Calculation basis: Sterling, total return, net income reinvested, net of fees.

Source: Aberdeen 2025

This document is intended for use by individuals who are familiar with investment terminology. To help you understand a fund and for a full explanation of specific risks and the overall risk profile of the fund and the shareclasses within it, please refer to the Key Investor Information Document or Prospectus.

#### Market review

Global equity markets performed strongly over the 12-month period, led by gains in the US, Europe and emerging markets. By contrast, Japan was a laggard but still gained.

Volatility persisted at the beginning of the period, due to concerns about weak US economic data and a rate hike by the Bank of Japan (BoJ). However, markets gained from optimism about interestrate cuts, amid easing inflation, while strong corporate earnings also boosted sentiment.

In September, the US Federal Reserve (Fed) cut the target range for the federal funds rate to 4.75%-5.00%. The European Central Bank (ECB) reduced its deposit facility rate by 25 bps to 3.50%. These policy actions supported global equities. However, in October, equities fell due to renewed interest-rate concerns and tensions in the Middle East. The ECB cut rates by a further 25 bps.

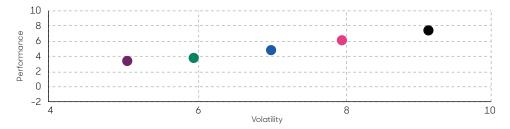
In November, global equities rebounded after Donald Trump's US presidential election victory. The Fed cut rates by 25 bps to 4.50%-4.75%, and the Bank of England lowered them by 25 bps to 4.75%. Global equities fell in December, as the Fed lowered rates but forecast fewer cuts in 2025 than before.

In January 2025, global equities rose on optimism about Trump's pro-business agenda. The ECB cut rates by 25 bps to 2.75%, while the BoJ hiked them by 25 bps to 0.50%. In February, global equities fell ahead of looming US trade tariffs. Global equities fell notably in March on concerns that US tariff policies could trigger a global trade war. The ECB cut rates by 25 bps to 2.50%. Global equities finished April higher, rebounding from a tariff-driven sell-off as optimism over trade talks grew. The ECB cut rates by a further 25 bps to 2.25%. Global equities did well in May, helped by easing US-China trade tensions. Global equities rose again in June against a backdrop of continued trade optimism and escalating tensions in the Middle East, before a USbrokered ceasefire between Israel and Iran eased concerns somewhat. Global equities rose in July as the US struck key trade deals ahead of its August deadline, removing some of the trade uncertainty that had negatively affected markets.

Global government bond markets rose marginally in sterling terms over the period. Corporate bonds, especially high yield, outperformed government bonds.

In UK commercial real estate, total returns for the 12 months ending June 2025 were 8.6%. The industrial sector performed best, returning 10.6%, while the office sector was the weakest, with a return of 3.6%.

#### Annualised risk and return



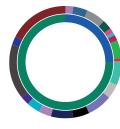
Key	Name	Performance %	Volatility %
	abrdn MyFolio Core I Inst Acc	3.35	5.07
	abrdn MyFolio Core II Inst Acc	3.78	5.97
	abrdn MyFolio Core III Inst Acc	4.82	7.02
	abrdn MyFolio Core IV Inst Acc	6.08	7.98
	abrdn MyFolio Core V Inst Acc	7.42	9.15

Income reinvested, net of fund charges. The chart shows the annualised volatility (risk) and annualised performance based on fund returns over the past three years to the date shown.

Past performance is not a guide to future returns. The value of this investment and the income from it may go down as well as up and cannot be guaranteed. An investor may receive back less than their original investment.

# Strategic asset allocation

# abrdn MyFolio Core III Inst Acc



Key		%
	Defensive assets	
	Diversifying Defensive Assets	2.50
	Global Corporate Bonds	4.00
	Global Developed Government Bonds	5.70
	Global Index Linked Bonds	2.80
	Short Dated Global Corporate Bonds	1.20
	Short Dated Global Index Linked Bonds	0.90
	Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bonds	1.70
_	Sterling Corporate Bonds	5.20
•	Money Market including Cash	1.00
	Total Defensive Asset Class	25.00
	Growth assets	***************************************
	Asia Pacific Equities	6.80
	Emerging Market Equities	4.10
	Emerging Market Local Currency Bonds	7.20
	European Equities	4.80
	Global High Yield Bonds	6.40
	Global Infrastructure	3.70
	Global REITs	3.70
	Japanese Equities	2.70
	UK Equities	15.70
	UK Real Estate	2.50
	US Equities	17.40
	Total Growth Asset Class	75.00
		Source: Aberdeen 2025

#### **Fund commentary**

Allocations to US equities, UK equities and Asia-Pacific equities were the largest positive contributors to returns over the past 12 months.

Over the 12 months to the end of June 2025, the main changes to the asset allocation were as follows:

#### Reduced exposure

- · diversifying defensive assets
- · US equities
- · UK real estate
- · global developed government bonds
- emerging-market local-currency bonds

#### Increased exposure

- · money markets, including cash
- · sterling corporate bonds
- · global REITs
- · global high-yield bonds

#### Market outlook

Global equities rose in July, with some of the tariff uncertainty affecting markets abating somewhat. The US negotiated some favourable trade frameworks with Japan, the EU and several countries in Asia. The EU-US agreement will see the EU commit to increase spending on US energy and defence goods, while Japan accepted a 15% tariff in exchange for over US\$500 billion of investment in the US economy. While tariffs will affect growth negatively, rising government deficits will increase growth with the side effect of nervous bond markets that have to finance them. Amid these uncertainties, investors still expect the Federal Reserve to ease policy further in 2025, albeit cautiously.

In Europe, Germany's recent announcement of sizeable planned fiscal stimulus should support growth both domestically and across the wider eurozone. Meanwhile, the European Central Bank kept rates on hold at its July meeting, as policymakers awaited the outcome of trade negotiations with the US.

In the UK, the Bank of England (BoE) expects inflation to pick up temporarily in 2025 before returning to its 2% target. The BoE cut rates to 4.25% in May and investors now expect a further rate cut by the end of the summer, amid concerns about the domestic economy.

Investment activity in UK real estate has remained subdued so far this year. However, there are signs that momentum and confidence are building across the market, even if this has yet to be reflected in higher transaction volumes. Direct real estate performance continues to evolve, with the retail and industrial sectors, which have been standout performers since the pandemic, maintaining their lead.

# Holdings

Defensive assets	Asset class	
abrdn Absolute Return Global Bond Strategies Fund D Acc GBP	Diversifying Defensive Assets	1.50
MI Twentyfour Monument Bond Fund L Acc Gross	Diversifying Defensive Assets	0.49
TM Fulcrum Diversified Core Absolute Return Fund-Class C GBP Acc	Diversifying Defensive Assets	0.49
abrdn Global Corporate Bond Fund S Acc Hedged GBP	Global Corporate Bonds	2.09
Capital Group Global Corporate Bond Fund (LUX) GBP ZL Acc	Global Corporate Bonds	1.91
abrdn Global Government Bond Tracker Fund X Acc	Global Government Bonds	5.62
abrdn Global Inflation-Linked Bond Fund Institutional Acc GBP	Global Index Linked Bonds	2.36
Royal London Global Index Linked Z Inc	Global Index Linked Bonds	0.43
abrdn Global Short Dated Corporate Bond Fund S Acc Hedged GBP	Short Dated Global Corporate Bonds	1.23
abrdn Short Duration Global Inflation-Linked Bond Fund Institutional S Acc GBP	Short Dated Global Index Linked Bonds	0.86
abrdn Short Dated Corporate Bond Fund Institutional Acc	Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bonds	1.62
abrdn Ethical Corporate Bond Fund Institutional Acc GBP	Sterling Corporate Bonds	0.34
abrdn Sterling Corporate Bond Fund Institutional Acc	Sterling Corporate Bonds	4.01
TwentyFour Corporate Bond Fund I GBP Acc	Sterling Corporate Bonds	0.80
Cash and other	Money Markets and Cash	1.54
Total Defensive assets		25.30
Growth assets		
abrdn Asia Pacific Equity Enhanced Index Fund N Acc	Asia Pacific Equities	2.38
abrdn Asia Pacific Equity Fund K Acc	Asia Pacific Equities	3.40
Man Asia (ex Japan) Equity IXU C GBP	Asia Pacific Equities	0.92
abrdn Emerging Markets Equity Fund K Acc	Emerging Market Equities	0.94
abrdn Emerging Markets Income Equity Fund Institutional Acc GBP	Emerging Market Equities	0.24
abrdn Emerging Markets Income Equity Fund Z Acc GBP	Emerging Market Equities	1.31
abrdn Emerging Markets Smaller Companies Fund - Z Acc USD	Emerging Market Equities	0.62
Artemis Smart GARP Global Emerging Markets Acc Class E	Emerging Market Equities	0.91
abrdn Emerging Market Local Currency Debt Fund D Acc GBP	Emerging Market Local Currency Bonds	4.86
abrdn Emerging Markets Local Currency Bond Tracker Fund X Acc	Emerging Market Local Currency Bonds	1.75
Neuberger Berman EM Debt Local Currency I4 GBP Unhedged Acc	Emerging Market Local Currency Bonds	0.43
abrdn Europe ex UK Equity Fund I Acc	European Equities	0.67
abrdn Europe ex UK Income Equity Fund Institutional Acc GBP	European Equities	0.36
abrdn European Equity Enhanced Index Fund B Acc	European Equities	1.96
abrdn European Smaller Companies Fund D Acc GBP	European Equities	0.44
BlackRock European Dynamic Fund Class FD Acc	European Equities	1.33
abrdn Global High Yield Bond Fund D Acc Hedged GBP	Global High Yield Bonds	6.34
abrdn Global Listed Infrastructure Equity Inst Acc	Global Infrastructure	3.74
abrdn Global Real Estate Securities Sustainable Fund S Acc GBP	Global REITs	2.86
abrdn Global REIT Tracker Fund X Acc	Global REITs	0.67
abrdn Japan Equity Enhanced Index Fund Class B Acc	Japan Equities	0.27
abrdn Japanese Equity Fund I Acc	Japan Equities	0.26
M&G Japan Fund Sterling PP Inc	Japan Equities	2.18
abrdn UK All Share Tracker Fund Class X Net Acc	UK Equities	6.05
abrdn UK Equity Enhanced Index Fund Class B Acc	UK Equities	4.51
abrdn UK Income Equity Fund I Acc	UK Equities	0.93
abrdn UK Smaller Companies Fund Institutional Acc GBP	UK Equities	1.64
abrdn UK Sustainable and Responsible Investment Equity I ACC	UK Equities	0.88
abrdn UK Value Equity Fund Institutional Acc GBP	UK Equities	1.60
Jupiter UK Dynamic Equity Fund I Acc	UK Equities	0.51
abrdn UK Real Estate Feeder Fund Inst Acc	UK Real Estate	2.57
abrdn American Equity Enhanced Index Fund	US Equities	6.12
abrdn American Equity Fund I Acc	US Equities	1.07
abrdn American Equity Tracker Fund N Acc	US Equities	6.84
abrdn North American Smaller Companies Fund I Acc	US Equities	0.16
L&G S&P 500 US Equal Weight Index Fund (C) Acc	US Equities	2.95
Total Growth assets		74.70

Source: Aberdeen 2025

#### Investment Objective

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#### How the fund invests

#### Portfolio Securities

The fund will invest at least 60% in actively managed (which invest using manager discretion) abrdn funds and up to 40% in passively managed funds (which aim to replicate performance of a market index), including those managed by abrdn, to obtain broad exposure to a range of diversified investments. Typically, at least 25% of the assets will be those traditionally viewed as lower risk, such as cash, assets that can be turned into cash quickly, government bonds (which are like loans to governments that pay interest) and investment grade corporate bonds (which are like loans to companies that pay interest and are typically regarded as having a low default risk). The rest of the fund will be invested in a selection of other assets. These will include assets such as equities (company shares) including property shares, commercial property and funds that use a combination of equities and bonds (which are like loans to companies or governments that pay interest), and derivatives.

#### Management Process

The management team use their discretion (active management) to select funds within each asset class and ensure that the strategic asset allocation (long-term proportions in each asset class) meets the fund's objectives. In addition, they will take tactical asset allocations (changing short term proportions in each asset class) with the aim of improving returns. Please note that the number contained in the fund name is not related to the SRRI contained in the Key Investor Information document (NURS-KII).

#### Derivatives and Techniques

The fund will routinely use derivatives to reduce risk, reduce cost and/or generate additional income or growth consistent with the risk profile of the fund. Derivatives are linked to the value of other assets. In other words, they derive their price from one or more underlying asset. Derivatives include instruments used to express asset allocations reflecting expected changes in interest rates, companies share prices, inflation, currencies or creditworthiness (debt repayment ability) of corporations or governments. The fund may also invest in other funds which may use derivatives extensively although these investments shall be in line with fund's overall risk profile.

#### **Key Risks**

**Credit risk** - The fund invests in securities which are subject to the risk that the issuer may default on interest or capital payments.

**Interest rate risk** - The fund price can go up or down daily for a variety of reasons including changes in interest rates, inflation expectations or the perceived credit quality of individual countries or securities.

**Equity risk** - The fund invests in equity and equity related securities. These are sensitive to variations in the stock markets which can be volatile and change substantially in short periods of time.

**Emerging Markets risk** - The fund invests in emerging market equities and / or bonds. Investing in emerging markets involves a greater risk of loss than investing in more developed markets due to, among other factors, greater political, tax, economic, foreign exchange, liquidity and regulatory risks.

**Property Liquidity Risk** - Commercial property is less liquid than other asset classes such as bonds or equities. Selling property can be a lengthy process so investors in the fund should be aware that they may not be able to sell their investment when they want to.

**Property Transaction Charges** - Commercial property transaction charges are higher than those which apply in other asset classes. Investors should be aware that a high volume of transactions would have a material impact on fund returns.

**Property Valuation Risk** - Property valuation is a matter of judgment by an independent valuer and is therefore a matter of the valuer's opinion rather than fact.

Money Market Instruments risk - The fund may hold money-market instruments, the value of which may be subject to adverse movements in extreme market conditions.

**Derivatives risk** - The use of derivatives carries the risk of reduced liquidity, substantial loss and increased volatility in adverse market conditions, such as a failure amongst market participants. The use of derivatives may result in the fund being leveraged (where market exposure and thus the potential for loss by the fund exceeds the amount it has invested) and in these market conditions the effect of leverage will be to magnify losses.

**High Yield Credit risk** - The fund invests in high yielding bonds which carry a greater risk of default than those with lower yields.

**Single Swinging Price** - Impact on Fund Value and Performance.

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<sup>†</sup> The Ongoing Charge Figure (OCF) shows the annualised operating expenses of the share/unit class as a percentage of the average net asset value of the class over the same period. It is made up of the Annual Management Charge (AMC) and other expenses taken from the class over the last annual reporting period, such as depositary fees, audit fees, investment management fees, and administration fees. It excludes portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the Fund when buying or selling in another collective investment undertaking. The OCF can help you compare the costs and expenses of different Funds/classes.

th The Fund Yield as at 30/06/25 reflects distributions declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the mid-market share price, as at the date shown. It does not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on their distributions. The fund charges 100% of the annual management charge to capital. This has the effect of increasing distributions for the year and constraining the fund's capital performance to an equivalent extent.