

Monthly Fund Report

MyFolio Core V (30/09/2025)

Institutional Accumulation

Investment Objective

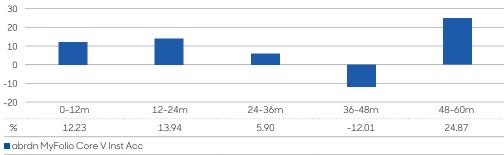
To generate growth over the long term (5 years or more) while being managed to a defined level of Katie Trowsdale & Rob Bowie risk. The fund is part of the MyFolio Managed range, which offers five funds with different expected Fund Managers combinations of investment risk and return. The fund is risk level III, which aims to be the middle risk fund in this range. Risk Target: The defined level of risk referred to above that the management team

> Index), over 10 years. There is no certainty or promise that this target will be achieved. The Risk Target has been chosen as it represents a risk range which is appropriate for the fund. Please note that the number contained in the fund name is not related to the synthetic risk and reward indicator contained in the Key Investor Information Document (KIID).

is targeting is within the range of 70-110% of world stock markets (represented by the MSCI World



Year on Year (as at 30/09/2025)



Past performance is not a guide to future returns. The value of this investment and the income from it may go down as well as up and cannot be guaranteed. An investor may receive back less than their original investment.

Calculation basis: Sterling, total return, net income reinvested, net of fees.

Source: Aberdeen 2025

Key Facts

Katie Trowsdale is a fund manager, having joined from Gartmore in 2011. She was previously at Kleinwort Benson Private Bank and Heartwood Wealth. Rob Bowie previously held roles Credit Suisse, Artemis, ABN Amro and Singer & Friedlander. Together they form part of the Multi-Manager Strategies team at Aberdeen Investments.

Fund Launch Date	22/09/2010
Shareclass Launch Date	22/09/2010
Fund Size	£339.30m
Initial Charge	0.00%
Annual Management Charge	0.65%
Ongoing Charge Figuret	0.65%
Fund Structure	OEIC
Valuation Point	12:00 (UK time)
Base Currency	GBP
SEDOL	B545DL7
ISIN	GB00B545DL77
Domicile	United Kingdom
Distribution Type	Accumulation
Asset Class	Mixed Asset
Fund Yield††	1.20%
Authorised Corporate Director (ACD)	abrdn Fund Managers Ltd
Risk Target	70%-110% of the MSCI World Index

Ratings











Risk and reward profile



Typically higher rewards

This indicator reflects the volatility of the fund's share price. See the relevant UCITS Key Investor Information Document (KIID) or PRIIPs Key Information Document (KID) for details.

> This document is intended for use by individuals who are familiar with investment terminology. To help you understand a fund and for a full explanation of specific risks and the overall risk profile of the fund and the shareclasses within it, please refer to the Key Investor Information Document or Prospectus.

Market review

Global equity markets performed strongly in sterling terms over the 12-month period, led by the US and emerging markets. Europe ex UK lagged but still generated a positive return.

Markets were volatile early in the period on weak US data and fears of further tightening by the Bank of Japan. Sentiment later improved as easing inflation raised hopes of rate cuts and strong earnings lifted investor confidence.

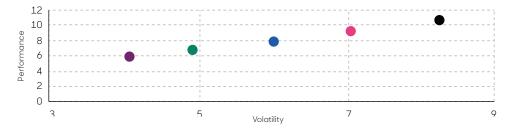
In October, global equities fell due to renewed interest-rate concerns and rising Middle East tensions. The European Central Bank (ECB) cut its deposit facility rate by 25 basis points (bps) to 3.25%. In November, global equities rebounded after Donald Trump's US election victory. The US Federal Reserve (Fed) cut the target range for the federal funds rate by 25 bps to 4.50%–4.75%. Global equities fell in December, as the Fed lowered rates by a further 25 bps to 4.25%–4.50% but forecast fewer cuts in 2025 than before. The ECB cut rates by 25 bps to 3.00%.

In January 2025, global equities rose on optimism about Trump's pro-business agenda. The ECB cut rates by 25 bps to 2.75%. In February, global equities fell on looming US trade tariffs and declined further in March; the ECB cut rates by 25 bps to 2.50% in the latter month. Global equities finished April higher, rebounding from a tariff-driven sell-off as optimism over trade talks grew. The ECB cut rates by a further 25 bps to 2.25%. Global equities did well in May, helped by easing US-China trade tensions. Global equities rose again in June against a backdrop of continued trade optimism and escalating Middle East tensions before a USbrokered ceasefire between Israel and Iran. The ECB cut rates by a further 25 bps to 2.00%. Global equities rose in July as the US struck key trade deals ahead of its August deadline. In August, global equities were lifted by strong earnings, expectations of future interest-rate cuts, and the extension of the US-China tariff truce. In September, global equities gained on strong earnings and growing expectations of further interest-rate cuts from the Fed after it cut interest rates by a further 25 bps to 4.00%-4.25%.

Global government bond markets rose marginally in sterling terms over the period. Corporate bonds, especially high yield, outperformed government bonds.

In UK commercial real estate, total returns for the 12 months ending August 2025 were 8.7%. The retail sector performed best, returning 10.6%, while the office sector was the weakest, with a return of 3.8%.

Annualised risk and return



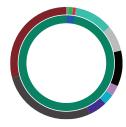
Key	Name	Performance %	Volatility %
	abrdn MyFolio Core I Inst Acc	5.93	4.09
	abrdn MyFolio Core II Inst Acc	6.73	4.94
	abrdn MyFolio Core III Inst Acc	7.87	6.03
	abrdn MyFolio Core IV Inst Acc	9.23	7.07
	abrdn MyFolio Core V Inst Acc	10.64	8.27

Income reinvested, net of fund charges. The chart shows the annualised volatility (risk) and annualised performance based on fund returns over the past three years to the date shown.

Past performance is not a guide to future returns. The value of this investment and the income from it may go down as well as up and cannot be guaranteed. An investor may receive back less than their original investment.

Strategic asset allocation

abrdn MyFolio Managed V Inst Acc



,	%
Defensive assets	······································
Diversifying Defensive Assets	0.00
Global Corporate Bonds	0.00
Global Developed Government Bonds	0.80
Global Index Linked Bonds	0.00
Short Dated Global Corporate Bonds	0.00
Short Dated Global Index Linked Bonds	0.00
Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bonds	0.00
Sterling Corporate Bonds	1.20
Money Market including Cash	1.00
Total Defensive Asset Class	3.00
Growth assets	•
Asia Pacific Equities	11.10
Emerging Market Equities	7.30
Emerging Market Local Currency Bond	ls 0.00
European Equities	10.40
Global High Yield Bonds	0.00
Global Infrastructure	3.10
Global REITs	3.10
Japanese Equities	5.30
UK Equities	27.80
UK Real Estate	0.00
US Equities	28.90
Total Growth Asset Class	97.00
	Source: Aberdeen 202

Source: Aberdeen 202

Fund commentary

Allocations to US equities, UK equities and European Equities were the largest positive contributors to returns over the past 12 months.

Over the 12 months to the end of September 2025, the main changes to the asset allocation were as follows:

Reduced exposure

- · UK real estate
- · global high-yield bonds
- · European equities
- · money markets, including cash
- · sterling corporate bonds
- · global corporate bonds
- · Asia-Pacific equities

Increased exposure

- · global developed government bonds
- · US equities
- · global infrastructure
- · Japanese equities
- · global REITs

Market outlook

Global equities ended September higher, supported by strong corporate earnings and the US Federal Reserve (Fed)'s widely anticipated 25 basis-point rate cut. Softer US labour market data and easing inflation have strengthened conviction that the Fed could continue to ease policy in the coming months, lifting risk appetite. However, geopolitical tensions surrounding the Russia-Ukraine war have persisted. Also, weaker economic data from China has continued to cloud the global growth outlook, and a partial shutdown of the US government at month end, the first in nearly seven years after lawmakers failed to reach a funding deal, has added to near-term uncertainty.

In Europe, Germany's recent announcement of sizeable planned fiscal stimulus should support growth both domestically and across the wider eurozone. The European Central Bank left interest rates unchanged at its September meeting, saying risks had become more balanced thanks to resilient growth and inflation easing towards its 2% target.

In the UK, the Bank of England (BoE) expects inflation to pick up temporarily in 2025 before returning to its 2% target. The BoE kept rates at 4.00% in September, but investors are expecting a further rate cut by the end of the year amid concerns about the domestic economy.

Investor sentiment in UK real estate remains subdued, with transaction volumes down around 20% year on year. The retail and industrial sectors continue to lead performance, while fiscal uncertainty and geopolitical tensions weigh on activity. International investors remain engaged, though capital flows are muted, reflecting the fragile underlying environment.

Holdings

Defensive assets	Asset class	%
abrdn Global Government Bond Tracker Fund X Acc	Global Government Bonds	0.99
TwentyFour Corporate Bond Fund I GBP Acc	Sterling Corporate Bonds	0.21
abrdn Sterling Corporate Bond Fund Z Acc	Sterling Corporate Bonds	0.23
Cash and Other	Money Markets and Cash	0.63
Total Defensive assets		2.06
Growth assets		
Man Asia (ex Japan) Equity IXU C GBP	Asia Pacific Equities	3.34
abrdn Asia Pacific Equity Enhanced Index Fund X Acc	Asia Pacific Equities	4.41
Abrdn Asia Pacific Equity Fund Class Z	Asia Pacific Equities	3.89
abrdn Emerging Markets Income Equity Fund Z Acc GBP	Emerging Market Equities	2.20
abrdn Emerging Markets Smaller Companies Fund - Z Acc USD	Emerging Market Equities	1.43
Artemis Smart GARP Global Emerging Markets Acc Class E	Emerging Market Equities	2.21
abrdn Emerging Markets Equity Fund Z Acc	Emerging Market Equities	1.45
abrdn European Smaller Companies Fund D Acc GBP	European Equities	0.99
BlackRock European Dynamic Fund FA GBP Acc	European Equities	3.54
abrdn Europe ex UK Equity Fund Z Acc	European Equities	0.98
abrdn European Equity Enhanced Index Fund X Acc	European Equities	4.74
abrdn Global Listed Infrastructure Equity Inst Acc	Global Infrastructure	3.12
abrdn Global Real Estate Securities Sustainable Fund S Acc GBP	Global REITs	2.38
abrdn Global REIT Tracker Fund X Acc	Global REITs	0.77
M&G Japan Fund Sterling PP Inc	Japan Equities	5.26
abrdn UK All Share Tracker Fund Class X Net Acc	UK Equities	14.42
abrdn UK Value Equity Fund Institutional Acc GBP	UK Equities	1.33
Jupiter UK Dynamic Equity Fund I Acc	UK Equities	1.14
abrdn UK Smaller Companies Fund Z Acc	UK Equities	2.58
abrdn UK Equity Enhanced Index Fund X Acc	UK Equities	8.41
L&G S&P 500 US Equal Weight Index Fund (C) Acc	US Equities	5.78
abrdn American Equity Enhanced Index Fund X Acc	US Equities	11.54
abrdn American Equity Tracker Fund X Acc	US Equities	12.03
Total Growth assets		97.94

Source: Aberdeen 2025

30/09/2025

Investment Objective

To generate growth over the long term (5 years or more) while being managed to a defined level of risk. The fund is part of the MyFolio Managed range, which offers five funds with different expected combinations of investment risk and return. This fund is risk level V, which aims to be the highest risk fund in this range. Risk Target: The defined level of risk referred to above that the management team is targeting is within the range of 70-110% of world stock markets (represented by the MSCI World Index), over 10 years. There is no certainty or promise that this target will be achieved. The Risk Target has been chosen as it represents a risk range which is appropriate for the fund.

How the fund invests

Portfolio Securities

The fund will invest at least 60% in actively managed (which invest using manager discretion) abrdn funds and up to 40% in passively managed funds (which aim to replicate performance of a market index), including those managed by abrdn, to obtain broad exposure to a range of diversified investments. Typically, at least 80% of the fund will be invested in assets traditionally viewed as being higher risk such as such as equities (company shares), commercial property, alternative funds and emerging market bonds (which are like loans to companies or governments that pay a rate of interest, invested in regions including Eastern Europe, Asia, Africa, Latin America and the Middle East). The rest of the fund is invested in a selection of other assets. These will include assets such as cash, assets that can be turned into cash quickly, government bonds (which are like loans to governments that pay interest) and investment grade corporate bonds (which are like loans to companies that pay interest and are typically regarded as having a low default risk) and funds that use a combination of equities and bonds (which are like loans to companies or governments that pay interest), and derivatives.

Management Process

The management team use their discretion (active management) to select funds within each asset class and ensure that the strategic asset allocation (long-term proportions in each asset class) meets the fund's objectives. In addition, they will take tactical asset allocations (changing short term proportions in each asset class) with the aim of improving returns. Please note that the number contained in the fund name is not related to the SRRI contained in the Key Investor Information document (NURS-KII).

Derivatives and Techniques

The fund will routinely use derivatives to reduce risk, reduce cost and/or generate additional income or growth consistent with the risk profile of the fund. Derivatives are linked to the value of other assets. In other words, they derive their price from one or more underlying asset. Derivatives include instruments used to express asset allocations reflecting expected changes in interest rates, companies share prices, inflation, currencies or creditworthiness (debt repayment ability) of corporations or governments. The fund may also invest in other funds which may use derivatives extensively although these investments shall be in line with fund's overall risk profile.

Key Risks

Credit risk - The fund invests in securities which are subject to the risk that the issuer may default on interest or capital payments.

Interest rate risk - The fund price can go up or down daily for a variety of reasons including changes in interest rates, inflation expectations or the perceived credit quality of individual countries or securities.

Equity risk - The fund invests in equity and equity related securities. These are sensitive to variations in the stock markets which can be volatile and change substantially in short periods of time.

Emerging Markets risk - The fund invests in emerging market equities and / or bonds. Investing in emerging markets involves a greater risk of loss than investing in more developed markets due to, among other factors, greater political, tax, economic, foreign exchange, liquidity and regulatory risks

Property Liquidity Risk - Commercial property is less liquid than other asset classes such as bonds or equities. Selling property can be a lengthy process so investors in the fund should be aware that they may not be able to sell their investment when they want to.

Property Transaction Charges - Commercial property transaction charges are higher than those which apply in other asset classes. Investors should be aware that a high volume of transactions would have a material impact on fund returns.

Property Valuation Risk - Property valuation is a matter of judgment by an independent valuer and is therefore a matter of the valuer's opinion rather than fact.

Money Market Instruments risk - The fund may hold money-market instruments, the value of which may be subject to adverse movements in extreme market conditions.

Derivatives risk - The use of derivatives carries the risk of reduced liquidity, substantial loss and increased volatility in adverse market conditions, such as a failure amongst market participants. The use of derivatives may result in the fund being leveraged (where market exposure and thus the potential for loss by the fund exceeds the amount it has invested) and in these market conditions the effect of leverage will be to magnify losses.

High Yield Credit risk - The fund invests in high yielding bonds which carry a greater risk of default than those with lower yields.

Single Swinging Price - Impact on Fund Value and Performance - The fund employs a single swinging pricing methodology to protect against the dilution impact of transaction costs. Due to the high transaction charges associated with the fund's assets, a change in the pricing basis will result in a significant movement in the fund's published price.

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[†] The Ongoing Charge Figure (OCF) shows the annualised operating expenses of the share/unit class as a percentage of the average net asset value of the class over the same period. It is made up of the Annual Management Charge (AMC) and other expenses taken from the class over the last annual reporting period, such as depositary fees, audit fees, investment management fees, and administration fees. It excludes portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the Fund when buying or selling in another collective investment undertaking. The OCF can help you compare the costs and expenses of different Funds/classes.

th The Fund Yield as at 31/08/25 reflects distributions declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the mid-market share price, as at the date shown. It does not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on their distributions. The fund charges 100% of the annual management charge to capital. This has the effect of increasing distributions for the year and constraining the fund's capital performance to an equivalent extent.