

### Key Facts

**Katie Trowsdale, Rob Bowie & Justin Jones**

Fund Managers

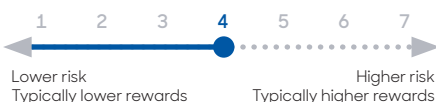
Katie Trowsdale is a fund manager, having joined from Gartmore in 2011. She was previously at Kleinwort Benson Private Bank and Heartwood Wealth. Rob Bowie previously held roles Credit Suisse, Artemis, ABN Amro and Singer & Friedlander. Justin Jones is Head of Managed & Model Solutions and has over 30 years' experience. He previously worked at Credit Suisse, NatWest and Royal Bank of Scotland. Together they form the Managed & Model Solutions team at Aberdeen Investments.

Fund Launch Date	30/06/2022
Shareclass Launch Date	30/06/2022
Fund Size	£175.52m
Initial Charge	0.00%
Annual Management Charge	0.30%
Ongoing Charge Figure†	0.30%
Fund Structure	OEIC
Valuation Point	12:00 (UK time)
Base Currency	GBP
SEDOL	BMXNWS1
ISIN	GB00BMXNWS12
Domicile	United Kingdom
Distribution Type	Accumulation
Asset Class	Mixed Asset
Fund Yield††	1.81%
Authorised Corporate Director (ACD)	abrdn Fund Managers Ltd
Risk Target	45%-75 % of the MSCI World Index

### Ratings



### Risk and reward profile



This indicator reflects the volatility of the fund's share price. See the relevant UCITS Key Investor Information Document (KIID) or PRIIPs Key Information Document (KID) for details.

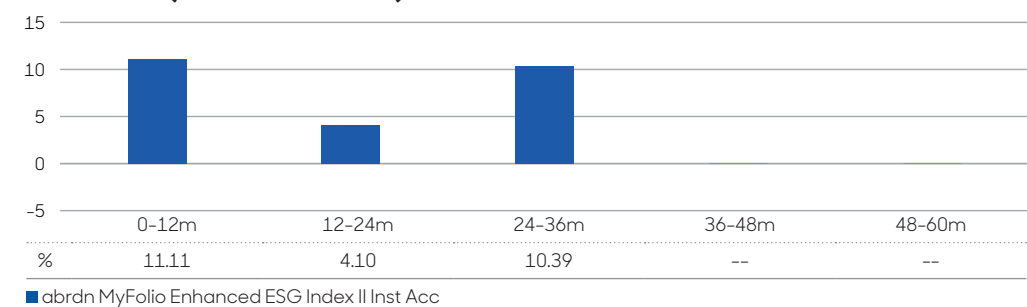
### Investment Objective

To generate growth over the long term (5 years or more) while being managed to a defined level of risk. The fund is part of the abrdn MyFolio Enhanced ESG Index range, which offers five funds with different expected combinations of investment risk and return that adhere to the abrdn MyFolio Enhanced ESG assessment criteria. The fund is risk level III, which aims to be the middle risk fund in this range. Risk Target: The defined level of risk referred to above that the management team is targeting is within the range of 45-75% of world stock markets (represented by the MSCI World Index), over 10 years. There is no certainty or promise that this target will be achieved. The Risk Target has been chosen as it represents a risk range which is appropriate for the fund. Please note that the number contained in the fund name is not related to the synthetic risk and reward indicator contained in the Key Investor Information Document (KIID).

### Cumulative performance %



### Year on Year (as at 31/03/2026)



Past performance is not a guide to future returns. The value of this investment and the income from it may go down as well as up and cannot be guaranteed. An investor may receive back less than their original investment.

Calculation basis: Sterling, total return, net income reinvested, net of fees.

Source: Aberdeen 2026

## Market review

Global equity markets performed strongly in sterling terms over the 12-month period, led by emerging markets. By contrast, the US lagged but still generated a solid return.

Markets were driven by monetary policy developments, US–China trade tensions, geopolitical risks – including the US–Israeli conflict with Iran – sentiment towards technology companies, and strong earnings.

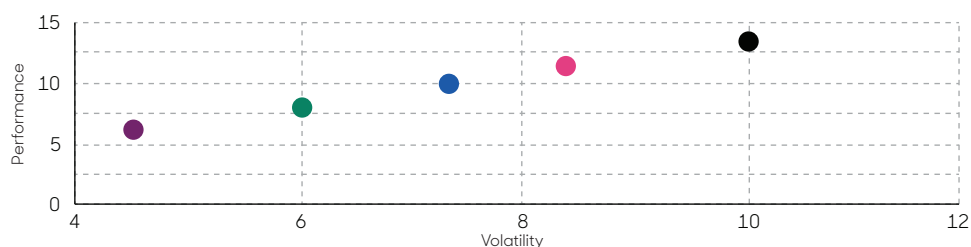
Global equities did well in May 2025, helped by easing US–China trade tensions. Global equities rose again in June on trade optimism and easing Middle East risks. The European Central Bank (ECB) cut rates by a further 25 basis points (bps) to 2.00%. Global equities rose in July as the US struck key trade deals.

In August, global equities were lifted by strong earnings, expectations of rate cuts and the extension of the US–China tariff truce. In September, global equities gained on strong earnings and expectations of easing from the US Federal Reserve (Fed) after it cut interest rates by a further 25 bps to 4.00%–4.25%. Global equities performed well again in October, supported by the Fed's 25-bp rate cut to 3.75%–4.00%, optimism over easing US–China trade tensions, and robust corporate earnings. Global equities fell in November on technology-sector weakness and uncertainty over a December Fed rate cut. Global equities ended higher in December after the Fed's third consecutive 25-bp rate cut to 3.50%–3.75%. Global equities rose in January 2026 as concerns about US threats linked to Greenland eased after Washington softened its stance towards Europe and ruled out the use of force in the dispute. Global equities edged higher in February, supported by solid economic data and disinflation. Global equities were notably weak in March, as the escalation of the US–Israeli conflict with Iran pushed energy prices higher, stoking inflation fears and raising the prospect of interest rates remaining higher for longer. Global equities rebounded sharply in April, more than recouping March's losses, as a US–Iran ceasefire improved investor risk appetite, although higher oil prices and lingering supply risks kept inflation concerns in focus.

Global government bond markets rose in sterling terms over the period. Among corporate bonds, high yield slightly outperformed investment grade.

In UK commercial real estate, total returns in sterling terms for the 12 months ending March 2026 were 6.5%. The retail sector performed best, returning 8.3%, while the office sector was the weakest, returning 2.6%.

## Annualised risk and return



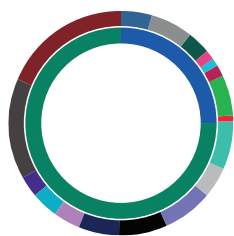
Key	Name	Performance %	Volatility %
●	abrDn MyFolio Enhanced ESG Index I Inst Acc GBP	6.19	4.54
●	abrDn MyFolio Enhanced ESG Index II Inst Acc GBP	7.93	6.05
●	abrDn MyFolio Enhanced ESG Index III Inst Acc GBP	9.91	7.39
●	abrDn MyFolio Enhanced ESG Index IV Inst Acc GBP	11.41	8.45
●	abrDn MyFolio Enhanced ESG Index V Inst Acc GBP	13.52	10.09

Income reinvested, net of fund charges. The chart shows the annualised volatility (risk) and annualised performance based on fund returns over the past three years to the date shown.

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## Strategic asset allocation

### MyFolio Enhanced ESG Index III Inst Acc



Key	%
<b>Defensive assets</b>	
■ Global Corporate Bonds	4.50
■ Global Developed Government Bonds	6.30
■ Global Index Linked Bonds	3.10
■ Short Dated Global Corporate Bonds	1.50
■ Short Dated Global Index Linked Bonds	1.00
■ Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bonds	1.90
■ Sterling Corporate Bonds	5.70
■ Money Market including Cash	1.00
<b>Total Defensive Asset Class</b>	<b>25.00</b>
<b>Growth assets</b>	
■ Asia Pacific Equities	6.70
■ Emerging Market Equities	4.50
■ Emerging Market Local Currency Bonds	7.20
■ European Equities	7.10
■ Global High Yield Bonds	5.80
■ Global Infrastructure	3.80
■ Global REITs	3.80
■ Japanese Equities	3.20
■ UK Equities	14.50
■ US Equities	18.40
<b>Total Growth Asset Class</b>	<b>75.00</b>

Source: Aberdeen 2026

## Fund commentary

Allocations to US equities, UK equities and European equities were the largest positive contributors to returns over the past 12 months.

Over the 12 months to the end of March 2026, there were no changes to the asset allocation.

## Market outlook

Global equities' sharp April rebound suggests investors remain willing to look through geopolitical shocks when earnings are solid and escalation risks appear contained. However, stalled US-Iran negotiations, restrictions through the Strait of Hormuz and higher oil prices point to uncertainty. At the company level, sustained input-cost pressure could test the margin resilience that helped support equities in April. These conditions are likely to keep inflation concerns in focus and limit expectations for near-term rate cuts, leaving investors alert to any further deterioration in the conflict.

The US Federal Reserve maintained the target range for the federal funds rate at 3.50%–3.75% at its April meeting, with elevated inflation, mixed labour-market signals and the Iran-related energy shock likely to keep policy decisions finely balanced.

The European Central Bank's decision to leave interest rates unchanged highlighted the challenge of managing Iran-driven upside risks to inflation and downside risks to growth.

In the UK, the Bank of England kept Bank Rate at 3.75%, with Middle East-driven energy risks suggesting that inflation may take longer to return to its 2% target.

We expect global real estate markets to continue recovering as total returns move back towards long-term averages, with regional performance broadening and sector return differentials, while still influenced by structural themes, continuing to narrow. Infrastructure remains an attractive investment opportunity, combining defensive characteristics with long-term structural growth drivers that can support resilient returns in an uncertain macroeconomic environment.

## Holdings

Defensive assets		Asset class	%
iShares ESG Screened Global Corporate Bond Index Fund D Dist GBP Hedged		Global Corporate Bonds	3.62
Robeco Global SDG Credits IH GBP		Global Corporate Bonds	0.89
iShares Green Bond Index Fund D GBP Hgd		Global Government Bonds	6.32
abrln Global Inflation-Linked Bond Tracker Fund X Acc		Global Index Linked Bonds	3.12
Vontobel Fund - TwentyFour Sustainable Short Term Bond Inc	Short Dated Global Corporate Bonds		1.54
abrln Short Dated Global Inflation-Linked Bond Tracker Fund X Acc	Short Dated Global Index Linked Bonds		1.02
abrln Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bond Tracker Fund X Acc	Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bonds		1.90
iShares ESG Sterling Corp Bond D INC		Sterling Corporate Bonds	5.69
Cash and Other		Money Markets and Cash	1.63
<b>Total Defensive assets</b>			<b>25.73</b>
Growth assets			
abrln Evolve Asia Pacific ex-Japan Equity Index X Acc		Asia Pacific Equities	6.75
L&G EM Gov Bond Local Ccy Index C GBP Acc	Emerging Market Local Currency Bonds		6.65
abrln Evolve European Equity Index Fund X Acc GBP		European Equities	7.00
abrln Global High Yield Sustainable Bond Z Acc Hedged GBP		Global High Yield Bonds	5.56
L&G Future World Infrastructure C GBP Acc		Global Infrastructure	3.85
abrln Global REIT Tracker Fund X Acc		Global REITS	3.74
iShares MSCI Japan ESG Enhanced UCITS ETF		Japan Equities	3.16
abrln Evolve UK Equity Index Fund X2 Acc		UK Equities	14.09
iShares MSCI EM ESG Enhanced CTB UCITS ETF		US Equities	4.55
abrln Evolve American Equity Index Fund X2 Acc		US Equities	18.94
<b>Total Growth assets</b>			<b>74.29</b>

Source: Aberdeen 2026  
Figures may not always sum to 100 due to rounding

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**Risk Target:** The defined level of risk referred to above that the management team is targeting is within the range of 45-75% of world stock markets (represented by the MSCI World Index), over 10 years. There is no certainty or promise that this target will be achieved. The Risk Target has been chosen as it represents a risk range which is appropriate for the fund.

## How the fund invests

### Portfolio Securities

The fund will invest at least 80% in passively managed funds (which aim to replicate performance of a market index) and up to 20% in actively managed funds (which invest using manager discretion), including those managed by abrdn, to obtain broad exposure to a range of diversified investments.

Typically, at least 25% of the fund's assets will be the ones traditionally viewed as lower risk, such as cash, assets that can be turned into cash quickly, government bonds (which are like loans to governments that pay interest) and investment grade corporate bonds (which are like loans to companies that pay interest and typically regarded as having a low default risk).

The rest of the fund will be invested in a selection of other assets. These will include assets such as equities (company shares) including property shares, high yield corporate bonds (which are like loans to companies that pay a high rate of interest but have a lower credit rating than investment grade bonds) and emerging market bonds (which are like loans to companies or governments that pay a rate of interest, invested in regions including Eastern Europe, Asia, Africa, Latin American and the Middle East).

At least 70% of the fund's portfolio will have sustainability characteristics, which means the fund will invest at least 70% in funds which have explicit sustainability related targets, such as improved environmental, social and/or governance (ESG) outcomes or positive sustainability related contributions assessed in accordance with the abrdn MyFolio Enhanced ESG assessment criteria (the "Assessment Criteria") which can be found in the prospectus.

The fund may also invest in funds that apply ESG or sustainability criteria but do not set any specific sustainability related targets, or funds which have no specific ESG or sustainability criteria within their investment objective or process. These investments are used to provide diversification and deliver growth, or for cash management purposes.

### Management Process

The management team (the "Team") use their discretion (active management) to select funds within each asset class and ensure that the strategic asset allocation (long-term proportions in each asset class) meets the fund's objectives and policy. The Team will review and analyse the underlying funds and their investments to assess alignment with the Assessment Criteria. The Team will also meet with the fund managers to discuss the underlying fund's philosophy. The Team will only invest in funds

that have a firm level active engagement and voting policy. Additionally, the Team assesses all underlying funds against a set of exclusions. For companies, these are related to the UN Global Compact, Controversial Weapons, Tobacco Production and Thermal Coal, whilst for government bonds, these are related to UN sanctions. More details around the screens can be found in the Assessment Criteria in the prospectus. No more than 1% of the overall fund can be exposed to underlying fund holdings in breach of these exclusions at any one time. Please note that the number contained in the fund name is not related to the SRRI contained in the Key Investor Information document (NURS-KII).

### Derivatives and Techniques

The fund will routinely use derivatives to reduce risk, reduce cost and/or generate additional income or growth consistent with the risk profile of the fund. Derivatives are linked to the value of other assets. In other words, they derive their price from one or more underlying asset. Derivatives include instruments used to express asset allocations reflecting expected changes in interest rates, companies share prices, inflation, currencies or creditworthiness (debt repayment ability) of corporations or governments. The fund may also invest in other funds which may use derivatives extensively although these investments shall be in line with fund's overall risk profile. Derivatives are exempt from the Assessment Criteria.

### Key Risks

**Credit risk** - The fund invests in securities which are subject to the risk that the issuer may default on interest or capital payments.

**Interest rate risk** - The fund price can go up or down daily for a variety of reasons including changes in interest rates, inflation expectations or the perceived credit quality of individual countries or securities.

**Equity risk** - The fund invests in equity and equity related securities. These are sensitive to variations in the stock markets which can be volatile and change substantially in short periods of time.

**ESG Investment Risk** - Applying ESG and sustainability criteria in the investment process may result in the exclusion of securities within the fund's benchmark or universe of potential investments. The interpretation of ESG and sustainability criteria is subjective meaning that the fund may invest in companies which similar funds do not (and thus perform differently) and which do not align with the personal views of any individual investor.

**Emerging Markets risk** - The fund invests in emerging market equities and/or bonds. Investing in emerging markets involves a greater risk of loss than investing in more developed markets due to, among other factors, greater political, tax, economic, foreign exchange, liquidity and regulatory risks.

**Money Market Instruments risk** - The fund may hold money-market instruments, the value of which may be subject to adverse movements in extreme market conditions.

**Derivatives risk** - The use of derivatives carries the risk of reduced liquidity, substantial loss and increased volatility in adverse market conditions, such as a failure amongst market participants. The use of derivatives may result in the fund being leveraged (where market exposure and thus the potential for loss by the fund exceeds the amount it has invested) and in these market conditions the effect of leverage will be to magnify losses.

**High Yield Credit risk** - The fund invests in high yielding bonds which carry a greater risk of default than those with lower yields.

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† The Ongoing Charge Figure (OCF) shows the annualised operating expenses of the share/unit class as a percentage of the average net asset value of the class over the same period. It is made up of the Annual Management Charge (AMC) and other expenses taken from the class over the last annual reporting period, such as depositary fees, audit fees, investment management fees, and administration fees. It excludes portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the Fund when buying or selling in another collective investment undertaking. The OCF can help you compare the costs and expenses of different Funds/classes.

†† The FundYield as at 31/03/26 reflects distributions declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the mid-market share price, as at the date shown. It does not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on their distributions. The fund charges 100% of the annual management charge to capital. This has the effect of increasing distributions for the year and constraining the fund's capital performance to an equivalent extent.

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